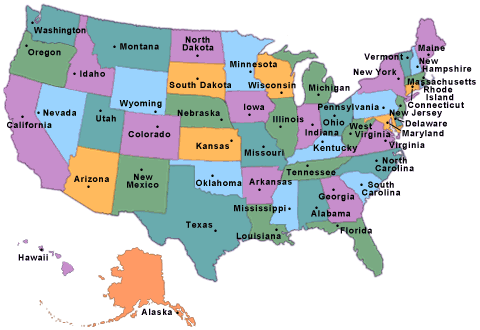
Map of the U.S.A.

Task 1: Look at the map of the U.S.A. and count how many states there are. Try to remember names of the states.



Task 2: Don’t look at the map and try to see how many states you remember.

Task 3: In small groups brainstorm how much you know about the U.S.A. and present your idea in the form of a mind-map.

Map of the U.S.A.

NOTES FOR TEACHERS

1. This could be the first lesson you do with your students.
2. Work on the pronunciation of the states’ names. Use in class, or encourage students to use at home [http://howjsay.com](http://howjsay.com/) to check the pronunciation of every name. There will be a few surprises.
3. Once the students have studied the map and worked on the names of different states, you may ask them to draw the map of the USA from memory.
4. For homework, you may ask the class to check the capitals of every state.
5. Before students start working on Task 3, explain the concept of a mind map. If possible, distribute A3 or poster size sheets of paper and colour pens. Later, ask the groups to present their mind-maps to the rest of the class.

Here is a little cribsheet for you, an exactract from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States>, so that you’re ahead of your students.

The United States of America (USA), commonly referred to as the United States (US), America, or simply the States, is a [federal republic](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Federal_republic" \o "Federal republic)consisting of 50 [states](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/U.S._state" \o "U.S. state), 16 [territories](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States_territory" \o "United States territory), a [federal district](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Federal_district_(United_States)" \o "Federal district (United States)), and various overseas [extraterritorial jurisdictions](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Territories_of_the_United_States" \l "Extraterritorial_jurisdiction" \o "Territories of the United States). The [48 contiguous states](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Contiguous_United_States) and the federal district of [Washington, D.C.](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Washington,_D.C.), are in central [North America](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/North_America) between [Canada](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Canada) and [Mexico](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mexico). The state of [Alaska](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alaska) is the northwestern part of North America and the state of [Hawaii](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hawaii) is an [archipelago](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Archipelago" \o "Archipelago) in the mid-[Pacific](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pacific_Ocean). The country also has five populated and nine unpopulated [territories](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Territories_of_the_United_States" \o "Territories of the United States) in the Pacific and the [Caribbean](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Caribbean). At 3.79 million square miles (9.83 million km2) in total and with around 316 million people, the United States is the [fourth-largest country by total area](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_and_dependencies_by_area" \o "List of countries and dependencies by area) and third largest by [population](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_population" \o "List of countries by population). It is one of the world's most [ethnically diverse](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multiethnic_society" \o "Multiethnic society) and [multicultural](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multicultural" \o "Multicultural) nations, the product of large-scale [immigration from many countries](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Immigration_to_the_United_States" \o "Immigration to the United States). The [geography](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geography_of_the_United_States" \o "Geography of the United States) and [climate](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Climate_of_the_United_States" \o "Climate of the United States) of the United States is also extremely diverse, and it is home to a wide variety of wildlife.

[Paleo-indians](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Paleo-indians) [migrated](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Settlement_of_the_Americas" \o "Settlement of the Americas) from Asia to what is now the US mainland around 15,000 years ago, with [European colonization](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/European_colonization_of_the_Americas" \o "European colonization of the Americas) beginning in the 16th century. The United States emerged from [13 British colonies](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thirteen_Colonies) located along the Atlantic seaboard. Disputes between Great Britain and these colonies led to the [American Revolution](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/American_Revolution). On July 4, 1776, delegates from the 13 colonies unanimously issued the [Declaration of Independence](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Declaration_of_Independence_(United_States)" \o "Declaration of Independence (United States)). The[ensuing war](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/American_Revolutionary_War) ended in 1783 with the [recognition of independence of the United States](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Treaty_of_Paris_(1783)" \o "Treaty of Paris (1783)) from the [Kingdom of Great Britain](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kingdom_of_Great_Britain), and was the first successful war of independence against a European [colonial empire](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Colonial_empire" \o "Colonial empire) The current [Constitution](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution_(United_States)" \o "Constitution (United States)) was adopted on September 17, 1787. The first 10 amendments, collectively named the [Bill of Rights](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bill_of_Rights_(United_States)), were ratified in 1791 and guarantee many [fundamental civil rights and freedoms](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Natural_and_legal_rights" \o "Natural and legal rights).

Driven by the doctrine of [manifest destiny](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manifest_destiny" \o "Manifest destiny), the United States embarked on a vigorous expansion across North America throughout the 19th century. This involved [displacing native tribes](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/American_Indian_Wars" \o "American Indian Wars), [acquiring new territories](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States_territorial_acquisitions" \o "United States territorial acquisitions), and gradually admitting new states. The [American Civil War](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/American_Civil_War) ended legalized slavery in the United States. By the end of the 19th century, the United States extended into the Pacific Ocean,[[18]](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States#cite_note-AmCentNYT-18) and its economy was the world's largest. The [Spanish–American War](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spanish%E2%80%93American_War) and [World War I](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World_War_I) confirmed the country's status as a global military power. The United States emerged from [World War II](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World_War_II) as a global [superpower](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Superpower" \o "Superpower), the [first country with nuclear weapons](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nuclear_weapons_and_the_United_States), and a [permanent member](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Permanent_members_of_the_United_Nations_Security_Council" \o "Permanent members of the United Nations Security Council) of the [United Nations Security Council](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Security_Council" \o "United Nations Security Council). The end of the [Cold War](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cold_War" \o "Cold War) and the [dissolution of the Soviet Union](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dissolution_of_the_Soviet_Union" \o "Dissolution of the Soviet Union) left the United States as the sole superpower.

The United States is a [developed country](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Developed_country" \o "Developed country) and has the world's largest national economy, with an estimated [GDP](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/GDP) in 2013 of $16.7 trillion – 19% of global GDP at [purchasing-power parity](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_GDP_(PPP)" \o "List of countries by GDP (PPP)). The per capita GDP of the U.S. was the world's [sixth-highest](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_GDP_(PPP)_per_capita" \o "List of countries by GDP (PPP) per capita) in 2010 and the U.S. has the highest mean and second-highest median [household income](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Household_income" \o "Household income) in the OECD as well as the highest [average wage](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_average_wage" \o "List of countries by average wage). The U.S. has the fourth most [unequal income distribution](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Income_inequality_in_the_United_States" \o "Income inequality in the United States) among [OECD](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Organisation_for_Economic_Co-operation_and_Development) nationswith roughly 16% of the population [living in poverty](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poverty_in_the_United_States). The economy is fueled by an abundance of natural resources, a well-developed infrastructure,  and high productivity and while its economy is considered [post-industrial](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Post-industrial" \o "Post-industrial) the US continues to be one of the world's largest manufacturers. The country accounts for 39% of [global military spending](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_military_expenditures) being the foremost economic and military power, a prominent political and cultural force in the world, and a leader in scientific research and technological innovation.